

$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ is a known measurement. We look at the unit circle for answers

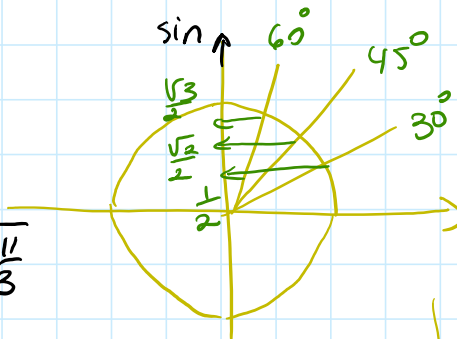


Figure 1

$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ is associated w/ $60^\circ = \frac{\pi}{3}$

but we are looking for $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ instead

which is a symmetric angle reflected into the x-axis

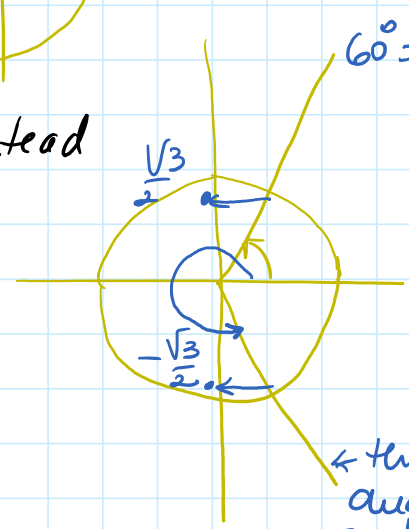


Figure 2

see the calculation on

the right: $11 \frac{\pi}{6} = 300^\circ$

But this is not the only

angle that produces a

sin equal to $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

here is the other angle:

what is the measurement of the red angle?

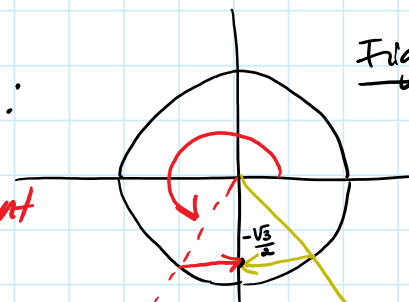
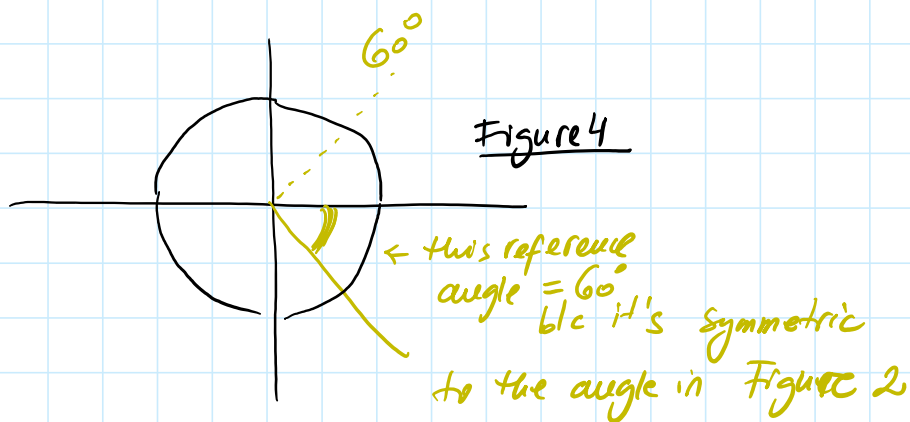


Figure 3

both angles have a sin = $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $300^\circ = 11 \frac{\pi}{6}$

Here is what

Here is what
we know

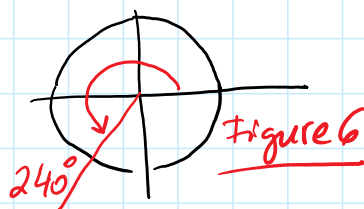
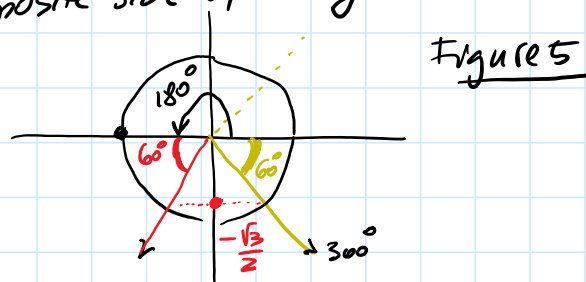


Our angle has a symmetric reference angle (in red) on the opposite side of the y-axis:

overall the angle we want (see Figure 6) is

made of 180° and then 60°

$$\therefore 180^\circ + 60^\circ = 240^\circ$$



Thus the two angles that hv a sin value equal to $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ are: 240° & 300° (Figure 2)

The answer is thus option C ✓